Location	7 Alston Road Barnet EN5 4ET		
Reference:	15/04271/FUL		8th July 2015 16th July 2015
Ward:	High Barnet	Expiry	10th September 2015
Applicant:	Mr N Wogman		
Proposal:	Demolition of existing building (Class D1) and erection of two-storey building with rooms in roof space to create 4 new self-contained units. Assocaited parking and refuse		

Recommendation: Approve subject to conditions

1 The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans: Drawing No. 399_P_300 Rev B, 399_P_301 Rev B, 399_P_101 Rev B, 399_P_100 Rev C, GD 399/P/S100, External Building Fabric Assessment dated 06/10/2015.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of proper planning and so as to ensure that the development is carried out fully in accordance with the plans as assessed in accordance with Policies CS NPPF and CS1 of the Local Plan Core Strategy DPD (adopted September 2012) and Policy DM01 of the Local Plan Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012).

2 This development must be begun within three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: To comply with Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

3 a) No development other than demolition works shall take place until details of the materials to be used for the external surfaces of the building(s) and hard surfaced areas hereby approved have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

b) The development shall thereafter be implemented in accordance with the materials as approved under this condition.

Reason: To safeguard the character and visual amenities of the site and wider area and to ensure that the building is constructed in accordance with Policies CS NPPF and CS1 of the Local Plan Core Strategy (adopted September 2012), Policy DM01 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012) and Policies 1.1, 7.4, 7.5 and 7.6 of the London Plan 2015. 4 a) No development or site works shall take place on site until a 'Demolition & Construction Method Statement' has been submitted to and approved in writing by, the Local Planning Authority.

The Statement shall provide for: access to the site; the parking of vehicles for site operatives and visitors; hours of construction, including deliveries, loading and unloading of plant and materials; the storage of plant and materials used in the construction of the development; the erection of any means of temporary enclosure or security hoarding and measures to prevent mud and debris being carried on to the public highway and ways to minimise pollution.

b) The development shall thereafter be implemented in accordance with the measures detailed within the statement.

Reason: In the interests of highway safety and good air quality in accordance with Policies DM04 and DM17 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012), the Sustainable Design and Construction SPD (adopted April 2013) and Policy 5.21 of the London Plan (2015).

5 a) Before the development hereby permitted is first occupied, details of enclosures and screened facilities for the storage of recycling containers and wheeled refuse bins or other refuse storage containers where applicable, together with a satisfactory point of collection shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

b) The development shall be implemented in full accordance with the details as approved under this condition prior to the first occupation and retained as such thereafter.

Reason: To ensure a satisfactory appearance for the development and satisfactory accessibility; and to protect the amenities of the area in accordance with policies DM01 of the Adopted Barnet Development Management Policies DPD (2012) and CS14 of the Adopted Barnet Core Strategy DPD (2012).

6 a) A scheme of hard and soft landscaping, including details of existing trees to be retained and size, species, planting heights, densities and positions of any soft landscaping, shall be submitted to and agreed in writing by the Local Planning Authority before the development hereby permitted is commenced.

b) All work comprised in the approved scheme of landscaping shall be carried out before the end of the first planting and seeding season following occupation of any part of the buildings or completion of the development, whichever is sooner, or commencement of the use.

c) Any existing tree shown to be retained or trees or shrubs to be planted as part of the approved landscaping scheme which are removed, die, become severely damaged or diseased within five years of the completion of development shall be replaced with trees or shrubs of appropriate size and species in the next planting season.

Reason: To ensure a satisfactory appearance to the development in accordance with Policies CS5 and CS7 of the Local Plan Core Strategy DPD (adopted

September 2012), Policy DM01 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012), the Sustainable Design and Construction SPD (adopted April 2013) and 7.21 of the London Plan 2015.

7 Before the building hereby permitted is first occupied the proposed window(s) in the flank elevations shall be glazed with obscure glass only and shall be permanently retained as such thereafter and shall be permanently fixed shut with only a fanlight opening.

Reason: To safeguard the privacy and amenities of occupiers of adjoining residential properties in accordance with Policy DM01 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012) and the Residential Design Guidance SPD (adopted April 2013).

8 Before the development hereby permitted is first occupied or the use first commences the parking spaces/garages shown on Drawing No. 399_P_100 Rev B; shall be provided and shall not be used for any purpose other than the parking of vehicles in connection with the approved development.

Reason: To ensure that parking is provided in accordance with the council's standards in the interests of pedestrian and highway safety, the free flow of traffic and in order to protect the amenities of the area in accordance with Policy DM17 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012) and Policies 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3 of the London Plan 2015.

9 a) The site shall not be brought into use or first occupied until details of the means of enclosure, including boundary treatments, have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

b) The development shall be implemented in accordance with the details approved as part of this condition before first occupation or the use is commenced and retained as such thereafter.

Reason: To ensure that the proposed development does not prejudice the appearance of the locality and/or the amenities of occupiers of adjoining residential properties and to confine access to the permitted points in the interest of the flow of traffic and conditions of general safety on the adjoining highway in accordance with Policies DM01, DM03, DM17 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012), and Policies CS NPPF and CS1 of the Local Plan Core Strategy (adopted September 2012).

10 a) Before the development hereby permitted is first occupied, details of privacy screens to be installed shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

b) The screens shall be installed in accordance with the details approved under this condition before first occupation or the use is commenced and retained as such thereafter.

Reason: To ensure that the development does not prejudice the amenity of future occupiers or the character of the area in accordance with policies DM01 and DM02 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012), the

Residential Design Guidance SPD (adopted April 2013) and the Sustainable Design and Construction SPD (adopted April 2013).

11 The property shall be used as self-contained units as shown in the hereby approved drawings under Class C3(a) and no other purpose (including any other purpose in Class C3 or C4 of the Schedule to the Town and Country Planning (Use Classes) Order 1987, or in any provision equivalent to that Class in any statutory instrument revoking and re-enacting that Order, with or without modification).

Reason: To enable the Local Planning Authority to exercise control of the type of use within the category in order to safeguard the amenities of the area.

12 a) No development other than demolition works shall take place until details of all extraction and ventilation equipment to be installed as part of the development have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The report shall include all calculations and baseline data, and be set out so that the Local Planning Authority can fully audit the report and critically analyse the content and recommendations.

b) The development shall be implemented in accordance with details approved under this condition before first occupation or the use is commenced and retained as such thereafter.

Reason: To ensure a satisfactory appearance for the development and satisfactory accessibility; and to protect the amenities of the area in accordance with Policy DM04 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012) and Policy CS13 of the Local Plan Core Strategy (adopted September 2012).

13 a) No development shall take place until details of mitigation measures to show how the development will be constructed/adapted so as to provide sufficient air borne and structure borne sound insulation against internally/externally generated noise and vibration has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

This sound insulation shall ensure that the levels of noise generated from the Public House; as measured within habitable rooms of the development shall be no higher than 30dB(A) from 7am to 11pm and 30dB(A) in bedrooms from 11pm to 7am.

The report shall include all calculations and baseline data, and be set out so that the Local Planning Authority can fully audit the report and critically analyse the content and recommendations.

b) The mitigation measures as approved under this condition shall be implemented in their entirety prior to the commencement of the use or first occupation of the development and retained as such thereafter.

Reason: To ensure that the proposed development does not prejudice the amenities of occupiers of the residential properties in accordance with Policies DM04 of the Development Management Policies DPD (adopted September 2012), the Sustainable Design and Construction SPD, and 7.15 of the London Plan 2015.

14 Notwithstanding the details shown in the drawings submitted and otherwise hereby approved, prior to the first occupation of the new dwellinghouse (Use Class C3)

permitted under this consent they shall all have been constructed to meet and achieve all the relevant criteria of Part M4(2) of Schedule 1 to the Building Regulations 2010 (or the equivalent standard in such measure of accessibility and adaptability for house design which may replace that scheme in future). The development shall be maintained as such in perpetuity thereafter.

Reason:

To ensure the development meets the needs of its future occupiers and to comply with the requirements of policies 3.8, 7.2 and 7.6 of the London Plan (2015) and policies DM02 and DM03 of the Barnet Development Management Polices document (2012).

15 Prior to the first occupation of the development hereby approved it shall be constructed incorporating carbon dioxide emission reduction measures which achieve an improvement of not less than 6% in carbon dioxide emissions when compared to a building constructed to comply with the minimum Target Emission Rate requirements of the 2010 Building Regulations. The development shall be maintained as such in perpetuity thereafter.

Reason:

To ensure that the development is sustainable and minimises carbon dioxide emissions and to comply with the requirements of policies DM01 and DM02 of the Barnet Development Management Polices document (2012) and policies 5.2 and 5.3 of the London Plan (2015).

16 Prior to the first occupation of the new dwellinghouse (Use Class C3) hereby approved they shall all have been constructed to have 100% of the water supplied to them by the mains water infrastructure provided through a water meter or water meters and each new dwelling shall be constructed to include water saving and efficiency measures that comply with Regulation 36(2)(b) of Part G 2 of the Building Regulations to ensure that a maximum of 105 litres of water is consumed per person per day with a fittings based approach should be used to determine the water consumption of the proposed development. The development shall be maintained as such in perpetuity thereafter.

Reason:

To encourage the efficient use of water in accordance with policy CS13 of the Barnet Core Strategy (2012) and policy 5.15 of the London Plan (2015).

Informative(s):

1 In accordance with paragraphs 186 and 187 of the NPPF, the Local Planning Authority (LPA) takes a positive and proactive approach to development proposals, focused on solutions. The LPA has produced planning policies and written guidance to assist applicants when submitting applications. These are all available on the Council's website. A pre-application advice service is also offered and the Applicant engaged with this prior to the submissions of this application. The LPA has negotiated with the applicant/agent where necessary during the application process to ensure that the proposed development is in accordance with the Development Plan.

2 The Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) applies to all 'chargeable development'. This is defined as development of one or more additional units, and / or an increase to existing floor space of more than 100 sq m. Details of how the calculations work are provided in guidance documents on the Planning Portal at www.planningportal.gov.uk/cil.

The Mayor of London adopted a CIL charge on 1st April 2012 setting a rate of £35 per sq m on all forms of development in Barnet except for education and health developments which are exempt from this charge. Your planning application has been assessed at this time as liable for a £9579.50 payment under Mayoral CIL.

The London Borough of Barnet adopted a CIL charge on 1st May 2013 setting a rate of £135 per sq m on residential and retail development in its area of authority. All other uses and ancillary car parking are exempt from this charge. Your planning application has therefore been assessed at this time as liable for a £36949.50 payment under Barnet CIL.

Please note that Indexation will be added in line with Regulation 40 of Community Infrastructure Levy.

Liability for CIL will be recorded to the register of Local Land Charges as a legal charge upon your site payable should you commence development. Receipts of the Mayoral CIL charge are collected by the London Borough of Barnet on behalf of the Mayor of London; receipts are passed across to Transport for London to support Crossrail, London's highest infrastructure priority.

You will be sent a 'Liability Notice' that provides full details of the charge and to whom it has been apportioned for payment. If you wish to identify named parties other than the applicant for this permission as the liable party for paying this levy, please submit to the Council an 'Assumption of Liability' notice, which is also available from the Planning Portal website.

The CIL becomes payable upon commencement of development. You are required to submit a 'Notice of Commencement' to the Council's CIL Team prior to commencing on site, and failure to provide such information at the due date will incur both surcharges and penalty interest. There are various other charges and surcharges that may apply if you fail to meet other statutory requirements relating to CIL, such requirements will all be set out in the Liability Notice you will receive. You may wish to seek professional planning advice to ensure that you comply fully with the requirements of CIL Regulations.

If you have a specific question or matter you need to discuss with the CIL team, or you fail to receive a 'Liability Notice' from the Council within 1 month of this grant of planning permission, please email us at: cil@barnet.gov.uk.

Relief or Exemption from CIL:

If social housing or charitable relief applies to your development or your development falls within one of the following categories then this may reduce the

final amount you are required to pay; such relief must be applied for prior to commencement of development using the 'Claiming Exemption or Relief' form available from the Planning Portal website: www.planningportal.gov.uk/cil.

You can apply for relief or exemption under the following categories:

1. Charity: If you are a charity, intend to use the development for social housing or feel that there are exception circumstances affecting your development, you may be eligible for a reduction (partial or entire) in this CIL Liability. Please see the documentation published by the Department for Communities and Local Government

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/6314/ 19021101.pdf

2. Residential Annexes or Extensions: You can apply for exemption or relief to the collecting authority in accordance with Regulation 42(B) of Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations (2010), as amended before commencement of the chargeable development.

3. Self Build: Application can be made to the collecting authority provided you comply with the regulation as detailed in the legislation.gov.uk

Please

visit

http://www.planningportal.gov.uk/planning/applications/howtoapply/whattosubmit/cil for further details on exemption and relief.

3 The applicant is advised to engage a qualified acoustic consultant to advise on the scheme, including the specifications of any materials, construction, fittings and equipment necessary to achieve satisfactory internal noise levels in this location.

In addition to the noise control measures and details, the scheme needs to clearly set out the target noise levels for the habitable rooms, including for bedrooms at night, and the levels that the sound insulation scheme would achieve.

The Council's Sustainable Design and Construction Supplementary Planning Document requires that dwellings are designed and built to insulate against external noise so that the internal noise level in rooms does not exceed 30dB(A) expressed as an Leq between the hours of 11.00pm and 7.00am, nor 30dB(A) expressed as an Leq between the hours of 7.00am and 11.00pm (Guidelines for Community Noise, WHO). This needs to be considered in the context of room ventilation requirements.

The details of acoustic consultants can be obtained from the following contacts: a) Institute of Acoustics and b) Association of Noise Consultants.

The assessment and report on the noise impacts of a development should use methods of measurement, calculation, prediction and assessment of noise levels and impacts that comply with the following standards, where appropriate:

1) BS 7445(2003) Pt 1, BS7445 (1991) Pts 2 & 3 - Description and measurement of environmental noise;

2) BS 4142:1997 - Method for rating industrial noise affecting mixed residential and industrial areas;

3) BS 8223: 2014 - Guidance on sound insulation and noise reduction for buildings: code of practice;

4) Department of Transport: Calculation of road traffic noise (1988);

5) Department of Transport: Calculation of railway noise (1995);

6) National Planning Policy Framework (2012)/ National Planning Policy Guidance (2014).

Please note that in addition to the above, consultants should refer to the most relevant and up to date guidance and codes of practice if not already listed in the above list.

Officer's Assessment

1. Site Description

The application site contains a single storey timber building with pitched roof. The building was previously in use as a chapel.

The local area is characterised by two storey traditional buildings with consistent building heights, pitched roofs, soft landscaped front gardens, and sash window detailing. The site is not located within a conservation area and is not a listed building.

The area is predominantly residential however no.9 is a public house and opposite is a small shopping parade.

The site is visible from the rear across the beer garden of the public house, from Sebright Road.

2. Site History

None.

3. Proposal

This application proposes the demolition of the existing building and the construction of a two storey, dual pitched roof building comprising 4 no. self-contained flats with parking, refuse and amenity space to the rear. The proposed building would have a height of 6 metres to the eaves level and 9.7 metres to the top of the pitched roof. The ridge of the proposed building would be situated approximately 0.45 metres above the ridge of No. 9 Alston Road and set away by 0.9 metres. The proposed building would have a width of approximately 14.4 metres, a depth of 8.7 metres, and would also incorporate a 1.2 metre rear two storey projection with a flat roof and single storey bay window elements of 0.9 metres in depth. The proposal would involve in-set balcony to the rear roof slope and two rear dormers of 2.6 metres in depth, 2 metres in height and 2.9 metres in width.

The proposed self-contained flats would comprise the following:

- one x 1 bedroom, 2 person unit
- one x 2 bedroom, 3 person unit
- two x duplex 2 bedroom, 4 person units

4. Public Consultation

Consultation letters were sent to 73 neighbouring properties. 22 responses have been received, comprising 22 letters of objection.

The objections received can be summarised as follows:

- Out of character
- Overdevelopment
- Impact on parking
- Impact on flooding
- Is there enough fire exits
- Impact on trees
- Impact on light
- Loss of community space

- Loss of historic asset
- Bins are unsightly
- Loss of privacy

5. Planning Considerations

5.1 Policy Context

National Planning Policy Framework and National Planning Practice Guidance

The determination of planning applications is made mindful of Central Government advice and the Local Plan for the area. It is recognised that Local Planning Authorities must determine applications in accordance with the statutory Development Plan, unless material considerations indicate otherwise, and that the planning system does not exist to protect the private interests of one person against another.

The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was published on 27 March 2012. This is a key part of the Governments reforms to make the planning system less complex and more accessible, and to promote sustainable growth.

The NPPF states that 'good design is a key aspect of sustainable development, is indivisible from good planning, and should contribute positively to making places better for people'. The NPPF retains a presumption in favour of sustainable development. This applies unless any adverse impacts of a development would 'significantly and demonstrably' outweigh the benefits.

The Mayor's London Plan 2015

The London Development Plan is the overall strategic plan for London, and it sets out a fully integrated economic, environmental, transport and social framework for the development of the capital to 2050. It forms part of the development plan for Greater London and is recognised in the NPPF as part of the development plan.

The London Plan provides a unified framework for strategies that are designed to ensure that all Londoners benefit from sustainable improvements to their quality of life.

Barnet's Local Plan (2012)

Barnet's Local Plan is made up of a suite of documents including the Core Strategy and Development Management Policies Development Plan Documents. Both were adopted in September 2012.

- Relevant Core Strategy Policies: CS NPPF, CS1, CS5.

- Relevant Development Management Policies: DM01, DM02, DM04, DM08, DM13, DM18.

The Council's approach to development as set out in Policy DM01 is to minimise the impact on the local environment and to ensure that occupiers of new developments as well as neighbouring occupiers enjoy a high standard of amenity. Policy DM01 states that all development should represent high quality design and should be designed to allow for adequate daylight, sunlight, privacy and outlook for adjoining occupiers. Policy DM02 states that where appropriate, development will be expected to demonstrate compliance to minimum amenity standards and make a positive contribution to the Borough. The development standards set out in Policy DM02 are regarded as key for Barnet to deliver the highest standards of urban design.

Supplementary Planning Documents

Sustainable Design and Construction SPD (adopted April 2013)

- Provides detailed guidance that supplements policies in the adopted Local Plan, and sets out how sustainable development will be delivered in Barnet.

5.2 Main issues for consideration

The main issues for consideration in this case are:

- The principle of the development and the loss of D1 use

- Whether harm would be caused to the character and appearance of the existing building, the street scene and the wider locality;

- Whether harm would be caused to the living conditions of neighbouring residents.

- Impact on parking

5.3 Assessment of proposals

Principle of the development and loss of D1 use.

Policy DM13 states that 'Loss of community or educational use will only be acceptable in exceptional circumstances where:

i. New community or education use of at least equivalent quality or quantity are provided on the site or at a suitable alternative location; or

ii. There is no demand for continued community or education use, and that the site has been marketed effectively for such use.'

The Council's Valuations officer considers that on the basis of the information provided that the site has been adequately marketed for various D1 uses and there was no demand for the site to be used for D1 purposes. The marketing was undertaken by a company who specialize in all aspects relating to the sale, letting and acquisition of D1 accommodation, have provided a marketing report stating that no interest has been forthcoming for the continued use of the site as a church hall premises or any other D1 and D2 uses since the marketing of the proeprty began in August 2013. The marketing campaign included adverts on the estate agent's website. Furthemore, a letter of support from the previous Pastor at the Church Hall has also been provided regarding the lack of demand for the community use of the site.

In addition, given the area is primarily residential, not well served by public transport links and has a Ptal of 2 and is some distance to the local shopping / business centres. As such, it is considered that the D1 use for the site is no longer viable.

Given that there are a number of flats within the immediate vicinity of the site, including flats above No. 9 Alston Road and also above the shops directly opposite, it is not considered that the proposal to incorporate self-contained flats in this location would be out of character with this part of Alston Road.

-Character and appearance and impact on the amenity of neighbouring occupiers:

Though the NPPF states that architectural styles or particular tastes should not be imposed, policies should seek to promote or reinforce local distinctiveness. In this way, any proposed design should reinforce the distinctive character of the surrounding area.

The proposed building would be 2 stories in height, with accommodation located within the roofspace. The proposed building would be of a similar width and depth to that of the existing building on the site and would maintain a gap of 1 metre to no. 9 Alston Road and car access to rear of the site from on the side facing No. 5 Alston Road as existing. It is

considered that the scale of the proposed building, being on a similar footprint to that of the existing building with a dual pitched roof would relate well to the neighbouring houses and would be in keeping with the style and bulk of the other properties within the street scene. The design of the building would incorporate two front bay window elements and It is noted that there are various other properties within the local vicinity with front bay window projections and it is considered that the size and design of the bay windows would relate sympathetically in size to the main building. It is noted that the ridge height would be slightly higher than the neighbouring buildings, however the eaves level would reflect that of neighbouring buildings and the proposed difference in ridge height is not considered to result in the building appearing as an overly prominent feature within the area and takes adequate reference from neighbouring buildings.

The proposed rear dormers would be of a similar size to the existing rear dormer at No. 9 Alston Road and would be set down significantly from the top of the ridge of the roof appearing subordinate and proportionate to the rear elevation roofslope. As such, it is not considered that the bulk of the dormer window would harmfully impact the occupiers of the neighbouring properties to either side. It is noted that the proposal incorporates rear balconies. However, these balconies would not project out in depth by more than 1.2 metres and would not project beyond the rear elevation of No. 9 Alston Road. The Council's Residential Design Guidance states that in new residential development there should be a minimum distance of about 21 metres between properties with facing windows to habitable rooms to avoid overlooking, and 10.5 metres to a neighbouring garden. Shorter distances may be acceptable between new build properties where there are material justifications. The balcony at first floor level serving flat 4 would be 9 metres away from the rear boundary, however given that there are no side elevation windows in the property to the rear and would only look onto a car parking area of the neighbouring property, it is not considered that the proposals would increase overlooking beyond what would be considered normally acceptable. The other windows and balconies would be 10.5 metres from the rear boundary and over 21 metres away from directly facing habitable room windows.

It is noted that the proposal would be increasing in height 1 metre away from a small window in the side elevation of No. 9 Alston Road. However, given that the height of the existing building currently blocks the same window, it is not considered that the proposal would result in loss of outlook or light to that window to an unacceptable degree.

The proposal would have an acceptable impact on the character and appearance of the street scene, site property, general locality and the residential amenity of neighbouring occupiers.

-Living Conditions of the future occupiers.

Outdoor amenity space: The proposal includes the provision of amenity space for the occupiers of the flats. This is made up of both rear balconies and ground floor garden areas. The overall amenity space provision for the flats would amount to 82.8m2. This would meet the amenity space requirement of 5m2 per habitable room for each unit, a total of 70m2. The rear garden areas to the ground floor flats would be enclosed to provide sufficient privacy for the occupiers of those units.

Quality of accommodation for future occupants of the proposed development

Outlook: The proposed units would benefit from reasonable outlook from habitable rooms and the kitchen and living room areas and would all be dual aspect.

Stacking: The stacking of the proposed unit is considered to be acceptable, with bedrooms above bedrooms and living rooms above living rooms above separate units.

It is noted that the residential units would be in close proximity to the Public House that could potentially cause issues relating to noise and disturbance. However, the applicant has submitted an acoustic survey of the noise levels around the site and the scheme would incorporate double glazing and non-trickle ventilators. The Council's Environmental Health Department have been consulted and raise no objection to the scheme, subject to conditions.

-Impact on parking

The proposal includes the provision of 4 off-street car parking spaces to the rear of the property making use of the existing dropped kerb and side access. The Council's policy DM17 states that the council will expect development to provide 1.5 to 1 spaces per unit for flats (2 to 3 bedrooms) and 1 to less than 1 space per unit for development consisting mainly of flats (1 bedroom). The development would comply with the Council's parking standards for the provision of 4 flats comprising 1 x 1 bedroom and 3 x 2 bedroom units. As such, it is not considered that the proposal would result in an increase in parking pressures within the area to an unacceptable degree.

5.4 Response to Public Consultation

Mainly addressed in appraisal above.

The location of the bins has been amended to be located to the rear of the site.

The trees are not proposed to be removed as part of the proposal. Nevertheless, the trees are not protected.

Issues regarding fire exits relates to building control measures.

6. Equality and Diversity Issues

The proposal does not conflict with either Barnet Council's Equalities Policy or the commitments set in the Equality Scheme and supports the Council in meeting its statutory equality responsibilities.

7. Conclusion

The proposal is considered to accord with the requirements of the Development Plan and is therefore recommended for approval.

